Notice of Allowability	Application No.	oplication No. Applicant(s)	
	09/786,276	PARK ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Zachary C. Tucker	1624	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app. All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT R of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313 1. This communication is responsive to 21 November 2003. 2. The allowed claim(s) is/are 1-12.	(OR REMAINS) CLOSED in or other appropriate commu BGHTS. This application is si	this application. If not included nication will be mailed in due coul	rse. THIS
3. The drawings filed on are accepted by the Examine	er.		
 4.	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) o	r (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.			
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have	• •		
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this national stage application from the			
International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * Certified copies not received:			
 5. Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority of reference was included in the first sentence of the specific (a) The translation of the foreign language provisional at 6. Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority of in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" of below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONMENT of 7. A SUBSTITUTE OATH OR DECLARATION must be submit INFORMAL PATENT APPLICATION (PTO-152) which gives 8. CORRECTED DRAWINGS (as "replacement sheets") must be considered by the Notice of Draftsperson. 	ation or in an Application Data application has been received under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/on Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. If this communication to file a this application. THIS THRE nitted. Note the attached EXA es reason(s) why the oath or st be submitted.	a Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. 121 since a specific reference we reply complying with the requirem EE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDINER'S AMENDMENT or NOTIFIE declaration is deficient.	ras included nents noted FENDABLE
1) hereto or 2) to Paper No	correction filed which	has been approved by the Evam	inor
(b) ☐ including changes required by the proposed drawing correction filed, which has been approved by the Examiner.(c) ☐ including changes required by the attached Examiner's Amendment / Comment or in the Office action of Paper No			
Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR 1.84(c)) should be written on the drawings in the front (not the back) of each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in the margin according to 37 CFR 1.121(d). 9. DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit of BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL must be submitted. Note the			
attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT FOR 1			uie
Attachm nt(s)			
 1 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2 Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3 Information Disclosure Statements (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No. 	<u> </u>	mal Patent Application (PTO-152	•
	8) <u> </u>	6☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413), Paper No7☐ Examiner's Amendment/Comment	
4☐ Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit of Biological Material	8⊠ Examiner's St 9□ Other .	atement of Reasons for Allowand	e

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Response to Amendment

As requested in the correspondence from applicants dated 21 November 2003, which is in reply to the Office action mailed 30 May 2003, claims 1, 4, 8 and 9 have been amended and new claims 10-12 have been added.

The new abstract has been entered.

The amendments to the specification at pages 8 and 10 have been entered.

Status of Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

In the previous Office action, dated 30 May 2003, claims 1-9 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph for on several grounds. For the sake of brevity, these grounds of rejection will not be summarized here. The rejections are explained on pages 2-5 of the Office action mailed 30 May 2003.

The deficiencies which prompted the rejections under this statute have been corrected by the amendments to claims 1, 4, 8 and 9.

The term "acyl donor" is no longer seen as indefinite. The product made by the instantly claimed process comprises the acyl group $-C(O)-R_3$. Thus, compound which supplies the acyl group, $-C(O)-R_3$, where R_3 is defined in claim 1, is an acyl donor. This is the full scope of the term "acyl donor" in the context of the claimed invention.

Claim 9 has now been examined on the merits, as applicants' argument that "acyl donor" is not indefinite and should not be limited to only *p*-chlorophenyl acetate and isopropenyl acetate, is persuasive.

The rejection of claims 1-9 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, are hereby withdrawn.

Status of Claim Rej ctions - 35 USC § 103

In the previous Office action, dated 30 May 2003, claims 1-9 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Persson et al, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* vol. 121, pages 1645-1650 (13 February 1999) in view of Koh et al, *Tetrahedron Letters*, vol. 39, pages 5545-5548 (1998) and further in view of Mahmoudian et al, *Biotechnol. Appl. Biochem.*, vol. 29, pages 229-233 (1999).

The rejection is hereby withdrawn in view of applicants' argument to the effect that Koh et al does not show how to combine the ruthenium catalysts disclosed therein with a lipase.

According to Koh et al, some base is necessary for the activity of the ruthenium catalyst (page 5546), and potassium hydroxide is best.

Although the Koh et al article does not specifically state that triethylamine is completely inactive (on page 5546, Koh et al states, "Potassium carbonate and the organic bases such as 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene and triethylamine are much less effective than potassium hydroxide."), the table on page 5546 shows that with triethylamine as the base, the chiral alcohol remains 99%ee after 24 hours in the presence of the ruthenium complex, which serves to show that triethylamine is in effect totally inactive. Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would *avoid* triethylamine.

The last page of Koh et al states that attempts to combine the ruthenium complexes disclosed therein with lipase-catalyzed acylation were not fruitful because of predominant chemical acylation of alkoxides. Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would avoid strong bases like alkoxides.

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The examiner agrees with applicants that Mahmoudian et al relates to a different type of acylation reaction than what is claimed. However, the examiner disagrees with applicants' characterization of Mahmoudian et al as nonanalogous art because Mahmoudian et al provides some specific teaching to one of ordinary skill relating to how a lipase is employed to catalyze an acylation reaction. A reference need not disclose the same subject matter as is claimed for said reference to be relied upon for its teachings in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Though Mahmoudian et al teaches triethylamine is a good reagent to use with lipase, Koh et al teaches away from the use of triethylamine, and also teaches away from strong inorganic bases in combination with lipases (page 5548, last paragraph).

Persson et al does not teach that a base is necessary with the ruthenium complexes disclosed in that reference (page 1650, "General Procedure...").

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 1-12 are allowed.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

All previously stated rejections have been withdrawn in view of applicants' amendment and argument.

The claimed invention overcomes the problem acknowledged in Koh et al, that strong inorganic bases which are required with the ruthenium complexes are incompatible a lipase-catalyzed acylation, and a weaker organic base, triethylamine does not work with the ruthenium complexes within the scope of instant claim 1.

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Though the prior art shows ruthenium complexes within the scope of instant claim 1 to be effective catalysts for racemization of chiral alcohols, the prior art does not provide enough guidance to render the combination of these complexes with a lipase, in a reaction system as specified in instant claim 1, obvious.

An updated search did not afford any additional applicable prior art.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Conclusion

All Post-Allowance Correspondence concerning this application must be mailed to:

Mail Stop Issue Fee Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Or you can fax them to the Office of Patent Publications at 703-308-5083, in order to expedite the handling of such correspondence as amendments under 37 CFR 1.312; information disclosure statements, and formal drawings. Sending Post-Allowance papers to Technology Center 1600 will only cause delays in matching papers with the case.

For information concerning status of correspondence sent after receipt of the Notice of Allowance, please contact the Correspondence Branch at (703) 305-8027. The Notice of Allowance also has an insert containing contact information on other items, including Issue Fees, receipt of formal drawings and the status of the application.

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